

# COP 4610L: Applications in the Enterprise Fall 2007

## Introduction to Servlet Technology– Part 5

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# Servlets That Return Content Other Than Text/HTML

- The servlets that we have seen so far have all returned content which was text-based. Thus all of the servlets contained the following line of code:

```
response.setContentType( "text/html" );
```

- The Content-Type response header gives the MIME (Multipurpose Internet Mail Extension) type of the response document. Setting the value of this header is so common that the special method `setContentType` in `HttpServletResponse` was created.
- MIME types are of the format `maintype/subtype` for officially registered types. There are many officially registered types, some of which are shown in the table on the next page.
- The officially registered types can be found at <http://www.iana.org/assignments/media-types/index.html>



## Some Common MIME Types

Type	Meaning
application/pdf	Acrobat (.pdf) file
application/jar	JAR file
application/vnd.ms-excel	Excel spreadsheet
application/vnd.ms-powerpoint	Powerpoint presentation
application/x-java-vm	Java bytecode (.class) file
application/zip	Zip archive
audio/midi	MIDI sound file
image/gif	GIF image
image/jpeg	JPEG image
text/html	HTML document
text/xml	XML document



## Example Servlet That Returns An Excel Spreadsheet

- I've put an example on the code page for the class (you can run it directly, but I did not put a reference to it on the servlet index page) of a servlet that returns an Excel spreadsheet to the client.
- I made this servlet very simple and it simply generates the Excel spreadsheet contents and returns it to the client. The servlet code is shown on the next page and the Excel spreadsheet that is returned is shown on the following page.
- Note that this servlet contains the following line of code:

```
response.setContentType("application/vnd.ms-excel");
```

- To execute the servlet type: <http://localhost:8080/cop4610/spreadsheet>



# ApplesAndOranges Servlet

```
//Servlet that returns an Excel spreadsheet
//Spreadsheet compares apples and oranges!!

import java.io.*;
import javax.servlet.*;
import javax.servlet.http.*;

public class ApplesAndOranges extends HttpServlet {
    public void doGet(HttpServletRequest request,
        HttpServletResponse response)
        throws ServletException, IOException {
        response.setContentType("application/vnd.ms-excel");
        PrintWriter out = response.getWriter();
        out.println("\tQ1\tQ2\tQ3\tQ4\tTotal");
        out.println("Apples\t78\t87\t92\t29\t=SUM(B2:E2)");
        out.println("Oranges\t77\t86\t93\t30\t=SUM(B3:E3)");
    }
}
```



# Response From ApplesAndOranges Servlet

http://localhost:8080/cop4610/spreadsheet - Microsoft Internet Explorer

File Edit View Insert Format Tools Data Adobe PDF Go To Favorites Help

Back Forward Stop Home Search Favorites Refresh Print Mail Stop

Address <http://localhost:8080/cop4610/spreadsheet> Go Links

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K
1		Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Total					
2	Apples	78	87	92	29	286					
3	Oranges	77	86	93	30	286					
4											
5											
6											
7											
8											
9											
10											
11											
12											
13											
14											
15											
16											
17											
18											

spreadsheet

Unknown Zone



## Example Servlet That Returns An Image File and Text

- You can return images from a servlet using the MIME type shown on page 6. However, if you also wish to return text along with the image a simple way to do this is to set the MIME type to text/html as before, but simply embed the image in the HTML document using the HTML `<img>` tag.
- The syntax for this tag is:  
  
`<img src=URL alt=text align = [top | middle | bottom | texttop |... ]>`
- The following page illustrates a small servlet that displays such a document. I've modified the servlet index page to handle this servlet. The servlet is sent the name of the picture you wish to display. The servlet assumes that there is an accompanying description file (a .txt file) which provides a description of the picture being displayed. The text file is to be located in the root directory on the C: drive. I've only put two sets of files out there for you to use named: "Eddy Merckx" and "sprint kart". Feel free to add some of your own.



# ImageContent Servlet

```
// Servlet to display a JREG file with a text file description
import javax.servlet.*;
import javax.servlet.http.*;
import java.io.*;

public class ImageContent extends HttpServlet {
// Process the HTTP Get request
public void doGet(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse
response) throws ServletException, IOException {
    response.setContentType("text/html");
    PrintWriter out = response.getWriter();
    String picture = request.getParameter("picture");
    out.println("<img src = \"images/\" + picture + \".jpg\"
        + \"\" align=left>");
// Read description from a file and send it to the browser
    BufferedReader in = new BufferedReader(new FileReader(
        "c:\\\" + picture + ".txt"));
// Text line from the text file for the description
    String line;
// Read a line from the text file and send it to the browser
    while ((line = in.readLine()) != null) {
        out.println(line);
    }
    out.close();
}
}
```

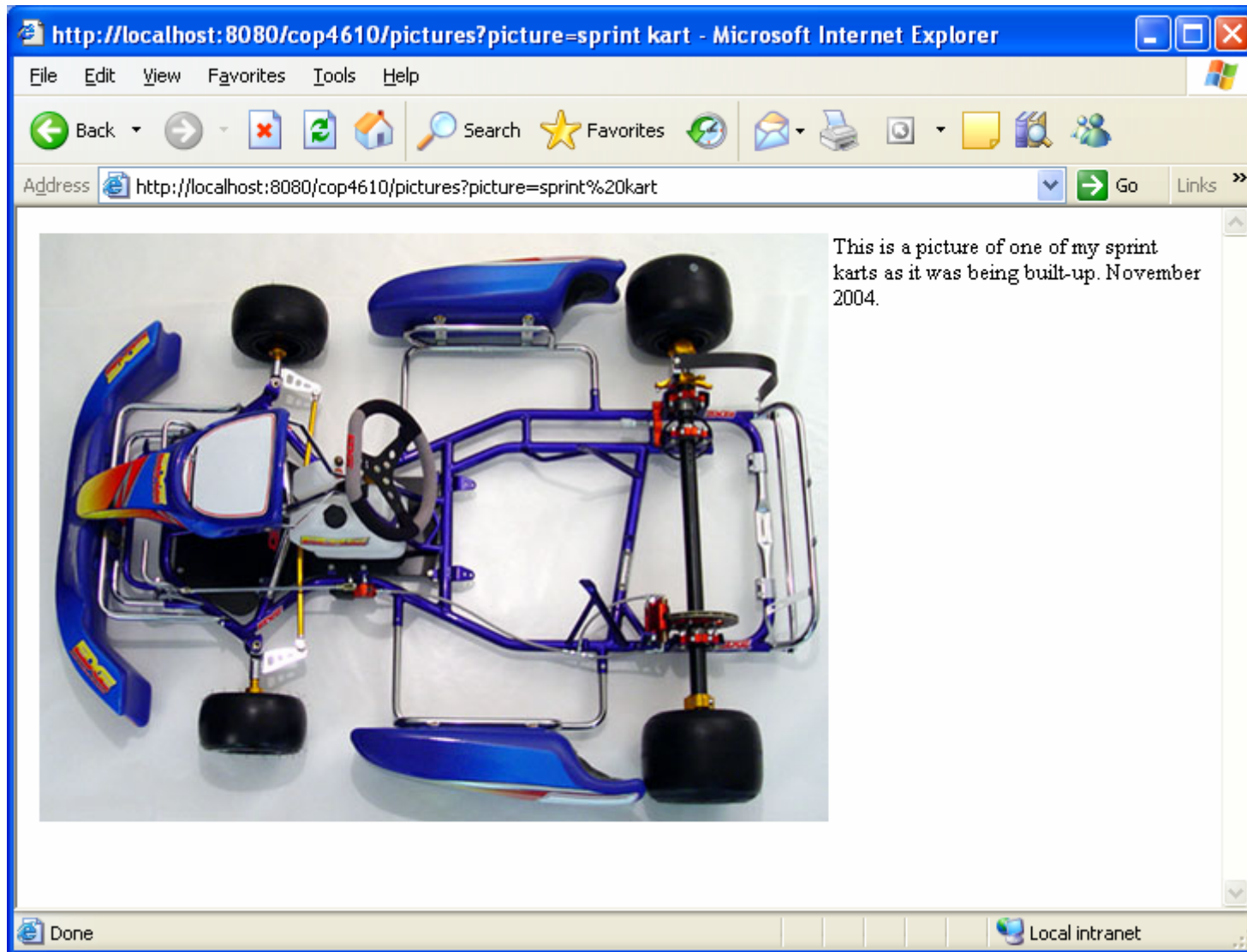
Content-Type is  
text/html

HTML <img>  
tag





# Output From ImageContent Servlet



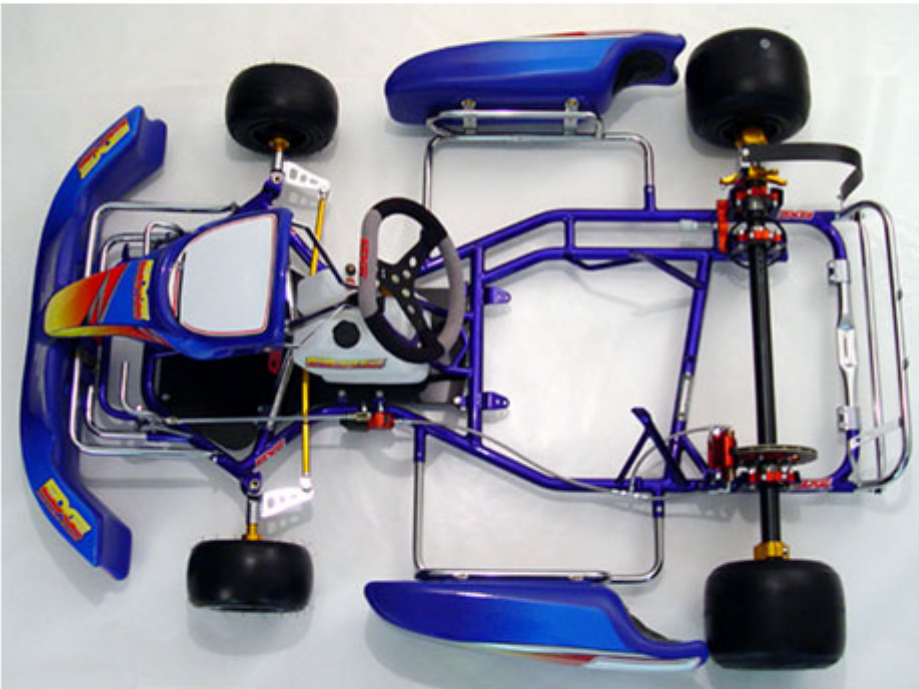
The screenshot shows a Microsoft Internet Explorer browser window. The title bar reads "http://localhost:8080/cop4610/pictures?picture=sprint kart - Microsoft Internet Explorer". The address bar contains "http://localhost:8080/cop4610/pictures?picture=sprint%20kart". The main content area features a photograph of a blue and black sprint kart. To the right of the image is a text block: "This is a picture of one of my sprint karts as it was being built-up. November 2004." The status bar at the bottom indicates "Done" and "Local intranet".

http://localhost:8080/cop4610/pictures?picture=sprint kart - Microsoft Internet Explorer

File Edit View Favorites Tools Help

Back Forward Stop Refresh Home Search Favorites Home Mail Print Camera Download Upload People

Address <http://localhost:8080/cop4610/pictures?picture=sprint%20kart> Go Links >>



This is a picture of one of my sprint karts as it was being built-up. November 2004.

Done Local intranet



## Multi-tier Applications: Using JDBC From A Servlet

- Many of today's web applications are **three-tier distributed applications**, consisting of a **user interface**, **business logic**, and a **database**.
  - The first-tier or front-end is the user interface which is typically created using HTML or XHTML.
  - Using the networking provided by the browser, the user interface communicates with the middle-tier business logic.
  - The middle-tier accesses the third-tier or backend database to manipulate the data.
- The three-tiers will often reside on separate computer systems which are connected through a network.



## Multi-tier Applications: Using JDBC From A Servlet (cont.)

- In multi-tier architectures, web servers are often used in the middle-tier.
- Server-side components, such as servlets, execute in an application server alongside the web server. These components provide the business logic that manipulates the data from databases and communicates with client web browsers.
- Servlets, through JDBC, can interact with database systems.
- We'll develop a small three-tier application that allows the user to interact with a database via a small on-line survey.



## Multi-tier Applications: Using JDBC From A Servlet (cont.)

- SurveyServlet implements the middle-tier of our application which handles requests from the client browser (the front-end) and provides access to the third-tier – a MySQL database access via JDBC. Copy the mysql-connector-java.5.0.7-bin.jar file into the WEB-INF/lib folder.
- The servlet will allow the user to select their favorite color.
- When the servlet receives a post request from the web browser (the user has selected their favorite color), the servlet uses JDBC to update the total number of votes for that color choice in the database and returns a dynamically generated XHTML document containing the survey results to the client.



## Multi-tier Applications: Using JDBC From A Servlet (cont.)

- As before this web application is accessible from our index page using the `colorsurvey.html` file. The contents of this file are shown on the next page.
- The portion of the `web.xml` file that pertains to the color survey is shown on page 15.



```
colorsurvey - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
<?xml version = "1.0"?>
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD XHTML 1.0 Strict//EN"
"http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml1/DTD/xhtml1-strict.dtd">

<!-- survey.html -->

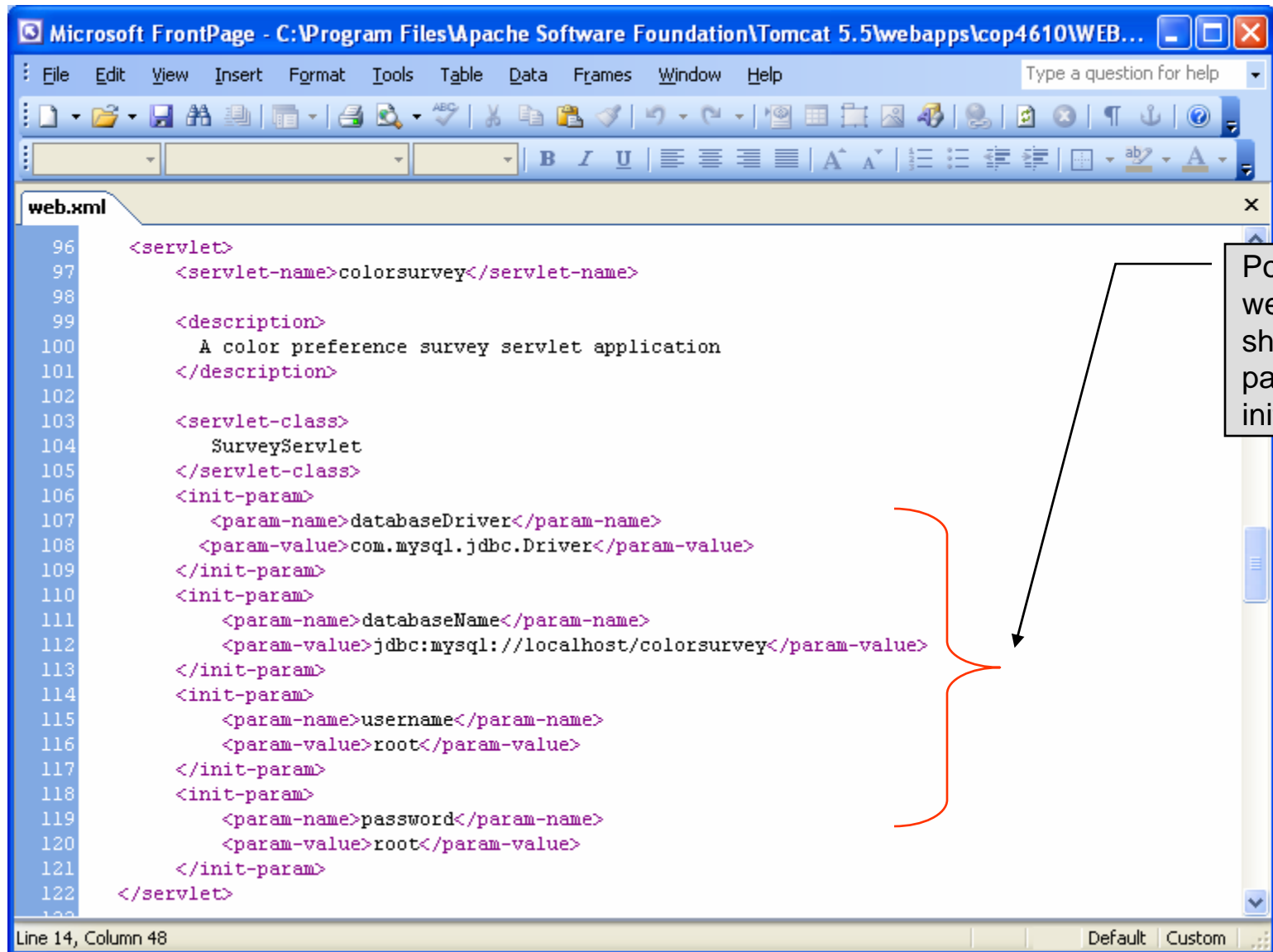
<html xmlns = "http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head>
<title>COP 4610 Color Preference Survey</title>
</head>
<body>
<font size = 4>
<body bgcolor=white background=images/background.jpg lang=EN-US
link=blue vlink=blue style='tab-interval:.5in'>
<br>
<form action = "/cop4610/colorsurvey" method = "post">
<font size = 6><b><p> WELCOME TO THE COP 4610L COLOR SURVEY</b></font></p>
<font size=4><b><p>PLEASE SELECT YOUR FAVORITE COLOR</b></font></p>
<font size = 4>
<p>
<input type = "radio" name = "color"
value = "1" />Blue<br />
<input type = "radio" name = "color"
value = "2" />Red<br />
<input type = "radio" name = "color"
value = "3" />Green<br />
<input type = "radio" name = "color"
value = "4" />Yellow<br />
<input type = "radio" name = "color"
value = "5" />Purple<br />
<input type = "radio" name = "color"
value = "6" />Orange<br />
<input type = "radio" name = "color"
value = "7" checked = "checked" />Other
</p>
<p><input type = "submit" value = "submit" /></p>
</font>
</form>
</body>
</html>
```

colorsurvey.html

Post method is used since data is to be uploaded to the database.



# Modified web.xml Deployment File



```
96 <servlet>
97   <servlet-name>coloursurvey</servlet-name>
98
99   <description>
100     A color preference survey servlet application
101   </description>
102
103   <servlet-class>
104     SurveyServlet
105   </servlet-class>
106   <init-param>
107     <param-name>databaseDriver</param-name>
108     <param-value>com.mysql.jdbc.Driver</param-value>
109   </init-param>
110   <init-param>
111     <param-name>databaseName</param-name>
112     <param-value>jdbc:mysql://localhost/coloursurvey</param-value>
113   </init-param>
114   <init-param>
115     <param-name>username</param-name>
116     <param-value>root</param-value>
117   </init-param>
118   <init-param>
119     <param-name>password</param-name>
120     <param-value>root</param-value>
121   </init-param>
122 </servlet>
```

Line 14, Column 48

Default Custom

Portion of the web.xml file showing parameter initializations



# SurveyServlet.java

```
// SurveyServlet.java  
// A Web-based survey that uses JDBC from a servlet.
```

```
import java.io.PrintWriter;  
import java.io.IOException;  
import java.sql.Connection;  
import java.sql.DriverManager;  
import java.sql.Statement;  
import java.sql.ResultSet;  
import java.sql.SQLException;  
import javax.servlet.ServletConfig;  
import javax.servlet.ServletException;  
import javax.servlet.UnavailableException;  
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServlet;  
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;  
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse;
```

```
public class SurveyServlet extends HttpServlet  
{  
    private Connection connection;  
    private Statement statement;
```

Setup connection to the database

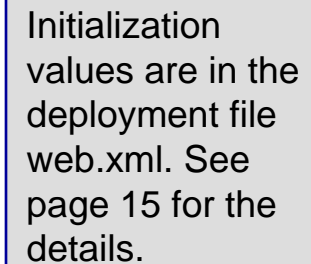
Statement used for updating the vote count for a color after the user makes their choice, totaling the votes and returning the results of the vote.





```
// set up database connection and create SQL statement
public void init( ServletConfig config ) throws ServletException
{
    // attempt database connection and create Statement
    try
    {
        Class.forName( config.getInitParameter( "databaseDriver" ) );
        connection = DriverManager.getConnection(
            config.getInitParameter( "databaseName" ),
            config.getInitParameter( "username" ),
            config.getInitParameter( "password" ) );

        // create Statement to query database
        statement = connection.createStatement();
    } // end try
    // for any exception throw an UnavailableException to
    // indicate that the servlet is not currently available
    catch ( Exception exception )
    {
        exception.printStackTrace();
        throw new UnavailableException( exception.getMessage() );
    } // end catch
} // end method init
```



Initialization values are in the deployment file web.xml. See page 15 for the details.



```

// process survey response
protected void doPost( HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response )
    throws ServletException, IOException
{
    // set up response to client
    response.setContentType( "text/html" );
    PrintWriter out = response.getWriter();

    // start XHTML document
    out.println( "<?xml version = \"1.0\"?>" );
    out.printf( "%s%s%s", "<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC",
        "\"-//W3C//DTD XHTML 1.0 Strict//EN\"",
        "\"http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml1/DTD/xhtml1-strict.dtd\">\n" );
    out.println(
        "<html xmlns = \"http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml\">" );

    // head section of document
    out.println( "<head>" );

        // read current survey response
    int value =
        Integer.parseInt( request.getParameter( "color" ) );
    String sql;

```



```

// attempt to process a vote and display current results
try
{
// update total for current survey response
sql = "UPDATE surveyresults SET votes = votes + 1 " +
      "WHERE id = " + value;
statement.executeUpdate( sql );

// get total of all survey responses
sql = "SELECT sum( votes ) FROM surveyresults";
ResultSet totalRS = statement.executeQuery( sql );
totalRS.next(); // position to first record
int total = totalRS.getInt( 1 );

// get results
sql = "SELECT surveyoption, votes, id FROM surveyresults " +
      "ORDER BY id";
ResultSet resultsRS = statement.executeQuery( sql );
out.println( "<title>Thank you!</title> " );
out.println( "</head> " );

out.println( "<body> " );
out.println( "<p>Thank you for participating." );
out.println( "<br />Results:</p><pre> " );

```

Generate update for  
the database

Execute SQL Update  
command

Execute query to  
return results to client



```
// process results
int votes;

while ( resultsRS.next() )
{
    out.print( resultsRS.getString( 1 ) );
    out.print( ": " );
    votes = resultsRS.getInt( 2 );
    out.printf( "%.2f", ( double ) votes / total * 100 );
    out.print( "% responses: " );
    out.println( votes );
} // end while

resultsRS.close();

out.print( "Total responses: " );
out.print( total );

// end XHTML document
out.println( "</pre></body></html>" );
out.close();
} // end try
```



```

// if database exception occurs, return error page
catch ( SQLException sqlException )
{
    sqlException.printStackTrace();
    out.println( "<title>Error</title>" );
    out.println( "</head>" );
    out.println( "<body><p>Database error occurred. " );
    out.println( "Try again later.</p></body></html>" );
    out.close();
} // end catch
} // end method doPost

// close SQL statements and database when servlet terminates
public void destroy() {
    // attempt to close statements and database connection
    try
    {
        statement.close();
        connection.close();
    } // end try
    // handle database exceptions by returning error to client
    catch( SQLException sqlException )
    {
        sqlException.printStackTrace();
    } // end catch
} // end method destroy
} // end class SurveyServlet

```



# HTML Front-end For ColorSurvey Servlet

